§ 99.9

notify each Federal agency as appropriate, at the address listed in the appendix to this part, of its eligibility of an indemnification agreement. It must also:

- (a) Certify that on December 4, 1985, the State or locality had in effect a law which prohibited or had the effect of prohibiting the disclosure of criminal history record information to the DoD, OPM, or CIA; and
- (b) Append to the request for an indemnification agreement a copy of such law.

§99.9 Terms of indemnification.

The terms of the Uniform Federal Agency Indemnification Agreement (UFAIA), must conform to the following provisions:

- (a) Eligibility: The State or locality must certify that its law prohibits or has the effect of prohibiting the disclosure of criminal history record information to the DoD, OPM, or CIA for the purposes described in section 910.101(a) and that such law was in effect on December 4, 1985.
- (b) Liability: (1) The Federal agency agrees to indemnify and hold harmless the State or locality from any claim for damages, costs and other monetary loss arising from the disclosure or negligent use by the DoD, OPM, or CIA of criminal history record information obtained from that State or locality pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 9101(b). The indemnification will include the officers, employees, and agents of the State or locality.
- (2) The indemnification agreement will not extend to any act or omission prior to the transmittal of the criminal history record information to the Federal agency.
- (3) The indemnification agreement will not extend to any negligent acts on the part of the State or locality in compiling, transcribing or failing to delete or purge any of the information transmitted.
 - (c) Consent and access requirements:
- (1) The Federal agency when requesting criminal history record information from the State or locality for the release of such information will attest that it has obtained the written consent of the individual under investigation after advising him or her of the

purposes for which that information is intended to be used.

- (2) The Federal agency will attest that it has advised that individual of the right to access that information.
- (d) *Purpose requirements*: The Federal agency will use the criminal history record information only for the purposes stated in §910.101(a).
- (e) Notice, litigation and settlement procedures: (1) The State or locality must give notice of any claim against it on or before the 10th day after the day on which claim against it is received, or it has notice of such a claim.
- (2) The notice must be given to the Attorney General and to the U.S. Attorney of the district embracing the place wherein the claim is made.
- (3) The Attorney General shall make all determinations regarding the settlement or defense of such claims.

APPENDIX TO PART 99—ADDRESSES OF RELEVANT U.S. GOVERNMENT AGENCIES

Department of Defense, Office of the General Counsel, Room 3E988, Washington, DC 20301-1600

Office of Personnel Management, Office of Federal Investigations, P.O. Box 886, Washington, DC 20044

Central Intelligence Agency, Attention: Office of General Counsel, Washington, DC 20505

PART 100—UNSATISFACTORY PER-FORMANCE OF READY RESERVE OBLIGATION

Sec.

100.1 Reissuance and purpose.

100.2 Applicability.

100.3 Policy.

100.4 Responsibility.

100.5 Procedures.

100.6 Definitions.

ENCLOSURE TO PART 100—SUGGESTED FORMAT, AFFIDAVIT OF SERVICE BY MAIL

AUTHORITY: 10 U.S.C. 510, 511, 593, 597, or 651, and 32 U.S.C. 302.

SOURCE: 44 FR 51568, Sept. 4, 1979, unless otherwise noted.

§ 100.1 Reissuance and purpose.

This part is reissued to update DoD policy on actions to be taken in regard to members of the Ready Reserve

whose performance of duty or participation in Reserve training is unsatisfactory; and provides greater flexibility to the Military Departments when dealing with unsatisfactory performance.

§ 100.2 Applicability.

The provisions of this part apply to the Office of the Secretary of Defense and the Military Departments.

§ 100.3 Policy.

Persons who are enlisted or appointed in, or transferred to a Reserve component of the Armed Forces of the United States, under the provisions of 10 U.S.C. 510, 511, 593, 597, or 651 and 32 U.S.C. 302 are expected to participate and perform satisfactorily as members of the Ready Reserve to fulfill their obligation or service agreement. This policy is also in accordance with the standards prescribed by 32 CFR parts 102 and 101 and the Military Departments concerned.

§ 100.4 Responsibility.

The Secretaries of the Military Departments shall ensure that:

- (a) Ready Reserve applicants understand their obligations for satisfactory participation in the Ready Reserve before their enlistment or appointment.
- (b) Members of the Ready Reserve continue to understand their obligations for satisfactory participation in the Ready Reserve after their enlistment or appointment in accordance with 32 CFR part 44.

§ 100.5 Procedures.

- (a) Unsatisfactory participation in the Ready Reserve. (1) Members of the Selected Reserve who have not fulfilled their statutory military service obligation under 10 U.S.C. 651 and whose participation has not been satisfactory may be:
- (i) Ordered to active duty, if they have not served on active duty or active duty for training for a total period of 24 months, for such period of time as may be deemed necessary by the Secretary of the Military Department concerned under the provisions of 10 U.S.C. 673a (such individuals may be required to serve on active duty until their total

service on active duty or active duty for training equals 24 months); or

- (ii) Ordered to active duty for training, regardless of the length of prior active duty or active duty for training, for a period of not more than 45 days under provisions of 10 U.S.C. 270; or
- (iii) Transferred to the Individual Ready Reserve (IRR) for the balance of their statutory military service obligation with a tentative characterization of service, normally under other than honorable conditions, when the Military Department concerned has determined that the individuals still possesses the potential for useful service under conditions of full mobilization; or
- (iv) Discharged for unsatisfactory participation under the provisions of 32 CFR part 41, when the Military Department concerned has determined that the individual has *no* potential for useful service under conditions of full mobilization.
- (2) Members of the Selected Reserve who have fulfilled their statutory military service obligation under 10 U.S.C. 651 or who did not incur such obligation, ² and whose participation has not been satisfactory *may* be:
- (i) Transferred to the IRR for the balance of their current enlistment contract or service agreement with a tentative characterization of service, normally under other than honorable conditions, when the Military Department concerned has determined that the individual still has a potential for useful service under conditions of full mobilization; or
- (ii) Discharged for unsatisfactory performance under 32 CFR part 41 when the Military Department concerned has determined that the individual has no further potential for useful service under conditions of full mobilization.
- (3) When a member of the Selected Reserve is identified as an unsatisfactory participant and considered a possible candidate for involuntary transfer to the IRR or for discharge, a board of officers shall be convened, as required

²This includes women whose current enlistment or appointment was effected before February 1, 1978.